

# Material Safety Data Sheet

Last Update: 11/05/12

**WOODMASTER SEMI GLOSS - WHITE**  
33589

Manufacturer:  
RODDA PAINT COMPANY  
6123 N MARINE DRIVE  
PORTLAND, OR 97203

Emergency Phone:  
(800) 424-9300

Name of preparer:  
Rick Barnard  
Information Phone:  
(503) 521-4300

**HEALTH**

**2**

**FLAMMABILITY**

**0**

**REACTIVITY**

**0**

**PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**C**

## Hazardous Ingredients / SARA III Information

Reportable Components	CAS Number	Vapor Pressure mm Hg @ Temp		Weight Percent
+ TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7			20 - 30
PEL (OSHA) : 15 mg/m3, TOTAL DUST, 8 HR TWA				
TLV (ACGIH): 10 mg/m3, TOTAL DUST, 8 HR TWA				
*# ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1	.05	20 C	0 - 10
OSHA TLV (vapor) ceiling 50 ppm				
> * GLYCOL ETHER	111-76-2	0.88	25C	0 - 10
OSHA TWA- 50ppm 240mg/m3				
NIOSH TWA- 5ppm 24mg/m3				
ACGIH TWA- 25ppm 121mg/m3				
# DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER	112-34-5	.020	68F	0 - 10
# > GLYCOL ETHER	112-34-5	0.88	77 F	0 - 10
OSHA: None Established ACGIH: None Established				

The above chemical(s) meet the criteria as defined under 29 CFR 1910 for toxic and hazardous substances.

\* Indicates toxic material(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III and of 40 CFR 372.

+ Indicates material(s) listed as a NTP, IARC, or OSHA carcinogen.

> Indicates material(s) listed on California's Proposition 65 known to the state to cause reproductive toxicity or cancer.

# Indicates materials listed in Section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act.

## Physical / Chemical Characteristics

Boiling Range: 336F - 450F  
Vapor Density: Heavier than air.  
Solubility in Water: Partial  
Appearance and Odor: White or tinted liquid, mild odor of ammonia.

Coating VOC: 1.69 lb/gl  
Material VOC: 0.74 lb/gl  
Specific Gravity: 1.25  
Evaporation Rate: Faster than Butyl Acetate.

## Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point: 150F  
Method Used: TCC

Flashable Limits in air by volume:  
Upper: 24.6 Lower: .9

Extinguishing Media: CO2, dry chemical, foam, or water fog.

Special Firefighting Procedures:

For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode to protect against the hazardous effects of normal products of combustion or oxygen deficiency.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation and ignited by heat, pilot lights, other flames and ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (just residue) can ignite EXPLOSIVELY! Thermal decomposition of this product will produce carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

## Reactivity Data

Stability: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: N/A

Conditions to Avoid:

Excessive temperatures, poor ventilation, and corrosive atmospheres. Avoid all heat sparks and sources of ignition.

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid):

Strong oxidizing agents, strong alkalies, heat.

Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts:

Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

## Health Hazard Data

---

### Inhalation - Health Risks and Symptoms of Exposure:

Use only with adequate ventilation. If adequate ventilation is not possible, such as in a closed room or other situations where air flow is minimal or nonexistent, see section VIII for information regarding respiratory protection. Do not breathe dust or spray mist. Ensure fresh air entry during application and drying. For spray application, sanding, abrading, and dust cleanup, wear an appropriate properly fitted respirator (NIOSH/MSHA TC21C approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. If affected, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.

### Skin and Eye Contact - Health Risks and Symptoms of Exposure:

Skin irritation may occur with symptoms such as redness and burning. Exposure can cause eye irritation with symptoms such as; tearing, redness, and swelling.

### Skin Absorption - Health Risks and Symptoms of Exposure:

Prolonged exposure limit may result in the absorption of harmful amounts of material.

### Ingestion - Health Risks and Symptoms of Exposure:

Toxicity is moderate, swallowing may be harmful. If swallowed induce vomiting.

### Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic):

Acute health hazards are listed above. Chronic: Prolonged and repeated exposure may cause delayed effects involving the blood, gastrointestinal, respiratory, nervous and reproductive systems.

### Health Hazards of Previous Coatings:

**WARNING!** If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. **LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE.** Wear a NIOSH-approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to [www.epa.gov/lead](http://www.epa.gov/lead).  
Carcinogenicity: NTP Carcinogen: No IARC Monographs: Yes OSHA Regulated: Yes

This material is not listed as a human carcinogenic.

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure: May aggravate pre-existing disorders such as; blood abnormalities, reversible liver effects, mild, reversible kidney effects. Emergency and First Aid Procedures: **SKIN-** Wash exposed area with soap and water. **EYES-** Flush with large amounts of water.

## Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

---

### Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled:

Eliminate all ignition sources (flares, flames including pilot lights and electrical sparks). Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up had been completed. Stop spill at source, dike area of spill to prevent spreading, pump liquid to salvage tank. Remaining liquid may be taken up with sand, clay, earth, floor absorbent, or other absorbent material and shoveled into containers. Prevent run-off sewers, streams, or other bodies of water.

### Waste Disposal Method:

Destroy by liquid incineration. Material collected on absorbent material may be deposited in an approved landfill in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

### Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storing:

Store in a cool, dry area. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Keep containers closed when not in use. Use only with adequate ventilation.

### Other Precautions:

Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in this data sheet must be observed. **READ AND OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS ON LABEL!**

## Control Measures

---

### Respiratory Protection:

If TLV of the product or any component is exceeded, a NIOSH/MESA jointly approved self-contained breathing apparatus with a full face piece operated in pressure demand or other positive pressure mode is advised; however, OSHA regulations also permit other NIOSH/MESA respirators under specified conditions. (See your safety equipment supplier).

### Ventilation:

Provide sufficient mechanical and/or local exhaust to maintain exposure below TLV(s).

### Protective Gloves:

Wear resistant gloves such as: BUNA-N

### Eye Protection:

Chemical splash goggles in compliance with OSHA regulations are advised, unless full facepiece respirator is worn.

### Other Protective Clothing or Equipment:

To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots.

### Work / Hygienic Practices:

Wash hands thoroughly after handling this product.

## Disclaimer

---

This information provided as a resource only. It should not be taken as a warranty or representation for which Rodda Paint Co. assumes legal responsibility. The information contained is believed to be accurate and compiled from sources believed to be reliable, it is the responsibility of the user to investigate and verify its validity. The user assumes all responsibility of using and handling the product in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local regulations.